



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

BOOK REVIEWS.

All book reviews are by the editor in chief unless otherwise expressly stated.

American and English Annotated Cases, containing the important cases selected from the current American, Canadian and English Reports, thoroughly annotated. Edited by William M. McKinney, Editor of the Encyclopedia of Pleading and Practise, and Federal Statutes Annotated. Davis S. Garland, Editor of the American and English Encyclopedia of Law, 2nd Edition; and H. Noyes Green. Volume 15. Edward Thompson Company, Northport, Long Island, N. Y. 1910. Price, \$5 per volume.

Volume fifteen of this series is in no way inferior to its predecessors, but shows the same evidences of careful selection and complete annotation.

We have read with interest the note on "Selection by Insured of Beneficiary Not Having Insurable Interest in Former's Life as against Public Policy," and on "Validity of Statute Providing for Compulsory Commitment of Inebriate to Asylum or Other Institution."

One of the most novel and interesting questions is that of "Exemption from Taxation as Including Exemption from Assessment for Local Improvements" admirably annotated, in *Paving District v. Sisters of Mercy*, p. 349, and equally novel is the question as to the "Right of Private Citizen to Maintain Action to Enforce Liquor Law," annotated in *Semones v. Needles*, p. 1015.

We find these volumes of the greatest value and can recommend them highly to the profession.

Questions and Answers to Bar Examination, by Frank Moore, assisted by W. O. Fife; sold by Anderson Bros., Book Sellers and Publishers, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va. The Michie Company, Printers, Charlottesville, Va. 1910. Price \$2.00.

With excessive modesty, our associate editor remonstrated with us for our desire to review this work, but as he cannot claim the entire credit for it, the editor in chief determined to call the attention of the law student as well as the older students of the law, to this very useful and valuable little book. For those proposing to stand the Bar Examinations even under the new statute, this book is simply invaluable; and for any lawyer who wishes to review his knowledge of the broad field of the law we know of nothing which would take its place. The book consists of the questions propounded in and answers to, all the Bar Examinations given by the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia from June, 1905, down to and including the examination given November, 1909. As can be very well imagined these questions cover a very large field—in fact, very nearly the whole body of the law, in brief. The answers are models of clear, succinct statement, and if one can only make himself familiar with both questions and answers, he has probably one of the best foundations for a knowledge of the law that he can possibly obtain. The questions and answers are arranged under subjects, so that any point can be easily examined by reference to the subject to which it relates.